Geography: Seasons

Important fieldwork

Observing the weather daily and recording temperature, wind speed and direction, precipitation, cloud type and any other weather feature e.g. a rainbow.

Comparing weather in Bournemouth to another town elsewhere in the world for a week.

Observing and sketching clouds and comparing to a cloud identification guide.

Using the Beaufort scale to estimate wind speed.

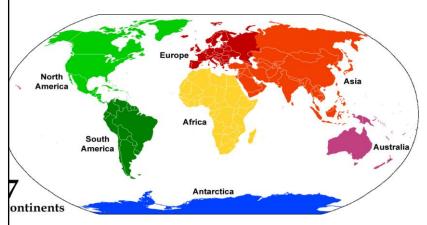
Making a rain gauge and recording the amount of precipitation over a period of time.

What are our seasons and how do we know which one is which? Does it always rain in winter in the UK? Does it only rain in winter in the UK?

What do clouds look like? Are they all the same?

What is the Beaufort scale?

"Geography has made us neighbours." -



John F Kennedy Key Vocabulary		
Term	Definition	
Beaufort scale	a measure that relates wind speed to observed conditions	
climate (noun)	the averaging out of weather conditions over 30 years which provides an	

Key pictures or diagrams		
Equator and poles	Weather symbols	Thermometer
North Pole 90 Equator 30 South Pole	္∰ ကို ထ တို က ကိုႏ	Ty T

divides it into two equal parts forecast (noun) a prediction of something in the future

certain time of year

rain, snow, sleet or hail

average changes in the weather.

indication of the type of weather you

an imaginary circle around Earth that

might experience in a particular place at a

North Pole (noun) the most northern point of the Earth rain gauge An instrument used to gather and measure the amount of precipitation season (noun) is a division of the year, marked by

South Pole (noun) the most southern point of the Earth the measure of hot or cold temperature thermometer An instrument for measuring and indicating temperature

1040: First 1271:

Marco Polo compass used to sets off for navigate (In China). China

1492: Columbus discovered America

1497: John and Sebastian Cabot discovered Canada

1507: First true map of the world by Martin Waldseemüller

1540: Nicolaus Copernicus discovered the Solar System

1770: Captain James Cook discovered

equator (noun)

precipitation

1911: Roald Amundsen led the first expedition to Australia the South Pole

1969: Neil Armstrong was the first man to walk on the moon.